CORRECTION


The above paper describes the use of activation state-specific antibodies as a general strategy for evaluating the phosphorylation of a variety of different kinases and transcription factors, the development of useful protocols for this assay, the validation of the technique, and its application for studying the concentration-dependent effects of various inflammatory prostaglandins on cAMP-response-element-binding protein phosphorylation in macrophages. The authors would like to stress that the concept of using a phosphospecific antibody for an ELISA-based assay has been raised by several groups (e.g. [1–7]) and the authors do not wish to claim originality of this idea.

REFERENCES


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